

REF 985 012

en

Test 0-12 07.16
NANOCOLOR® COD 60000

Chemical Oxygen Demand

Method:

Photometric determination of chromium(III) concentration after two hours of oxidation with potassium dichromate / sulfuric acid / silver sulfate at 148 °C

Range:	5.0–60.0 g/L COD (5000–60000 mg/L COD)
Wavelength (HW = 5–12 nm):	605 / 620 nm
Reaction time:	2 h
Reaction temperature:	148 °C

Contents of reagent set:

20 test tubes COD 60000
 1 test tube with blank value "NULL"

Hazard warning:

Test tubes contain sulfuric acid 51–80%, potassium dichromate 0.56–0.71% and mercury(II)sulfate 0.15–0.37%. Blank value "NULL" contains sulfuric acid 51–80%.

H314, H340, H350, EUH203 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Contains chromium(VI). May produce an allergic reaction.

P201, P202, P260, P280, P301+330+331, P303+361+353, P304+340, P305+351+338, P308+313, P405, P501 Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe vapors. Wear protective gloves / eye protection. IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice / attention. Store locked up. Dispose of contents / container to regulated waste treatment. For further information ask for a safety data sheet. When shaking COD test tubes use safety bottle (REF 916 37)

Interferences:

For **chloride contents above 15000 mg/L** the test sample must be diluted. For determination of the concentration of chlorides we recommend a preliminary test with QUANTOFIX® Chloride (500–3000 mg/L, REF 913 21).

Turbidity in the COD test tube after reaction in the heating block will result in COD readings which are too high. Wait until turbidities caused by precipitation of mercury sulfate have deposited.

The method can not be applied for the analysis of sea water.

Procedure:

Requisite accessories: NANOCOLOR® heating block, piston pipette with tips

Note: For samples with high chloride concentrations it is important to shake the test tube **before** the water sample is added in order to suspend the deposit.

Open test tube, hold it **diagonally** and **slowly** add **200 µL** (= 0.2 mL) test sample; screw cap securely on to test tube, hold tube by the cap, place tube into the safety bottle and shake, then place tube into the heating block. After 2 h remove test tube from heating block, after 10 min (*test tube is still warm*) shake once and allow to cool to room temperature. Clean outside of test tube and measure.

Measurement:

For NANOCOLOR® photometers and PF-12 see manual, test 0-12.

Photometers of other manufacturers:

For other photometers check whether measurement of round glass tubes is possible. Verify factor for each type of instrument by measuring standard solutions.

Analytical quality control:

NANOCONTROL Multistandard Sewage influx (REF 925 012)

Storage:

Store the test kit in a cool and dry place. Avoid exposing the test kit to sunlight.

References:

German standard methods for the examination of water, waste water and sludge (DIN 38 409 - H41-1)
 British standard: Field and on-site test methods for the analysis of waters (BS 1427)